

Mathematics Summative Assessment Blueprint

As of 4/30/14

Blueprint Table Mathematics Grades 3–5 Estimated Total Testing Time: 3:00 (with Classroom Activity) ¹									
Claim/Score Reporting Category	Content Category ²	Stimuli		Ite	ms	Total Items by Claim ³			
, and part of the control of		CAT	PT	CAT ⁴	PT				
Concepts and Procedures	Priority Cluster	0	0	15	0	15			
and moderate	Supporting Cluster	0	0	5	0	5			
2. Problem Solving	Problem Solving	0		5	4	9			
4. Modeling and Data Analysis ⁵	Modeling and Data Analysis	0	1)	·				
3. Communicating Reasoning	Communicating Reasoning	0		6	2	8			

¹ All times are estimates. Actual times may vary.

² For more information on content categories, see the Content Specifications document at http://www.smarterbalanced.org/smarter-balanced-assessments/.

³ Total number of items is not necessarily equal to weighting by claim.

⁴All CAT items in grades 3–5 are designed to be machine-scored.

⁵ Claim 2 (Problem Solving) and Claim 4 (Modeling and Data Analysis) have been combined because of content similarity and to provide flexibility for item development. There are still four claims, but only three claim scores will be reported with the overall math score.



Mathematics Summative Assessment Blueprint

As of 4/21/14

Blueprint Table Mathematics Grades 6–8 Estimated Total Testing Time: 3:30 (with Classroom Activity) ¹									
Claim/Score Reporting Category	Content Category ²	Stimuli		lte	ms	Total Items by Claim ³			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CAT	PT	CAT ⁴	PT				
	Priority Cluster	0	0	14–15	0	14–15			
Concepts and Procedures	Supporting Cluster	0	0	5	0	5			
2. Problem Solving	Problem Solving	0		5	4	9			
4. Modeling and Data Analysis ⁵	Modeling and Data Analysis	0	1		·	-			
3. Communicating Reasoning	Communicating Reasoning	0		6	2	8			

¹ All times are estimates. Actual times may vary.

² For more information on content categories, see the Content Specifications document at http://www.smarterbalanced.org/smarter-balanced-assessments/.

³ Total number of items is not necessarily equal to weighting by claim.

⁴ In grades 6-8, 1 item per student (from either Claim 3 Target B or Claim 4 Target B) is designed for hand-scoring, which may be Al scored with an application that yields comparable results by meeting or exceeding reliability and validity criteria for hand-scoring.

⁵ Claim 2 (Problem Solving) and Claim 4 (Modeling and Data Analysis) have been combined because of content similarity and to provide flexibility for item development. There are still four claims, but only three claim scores will be reported with the overall math score.



Mathematics Summative Assessment Blueprint

As of 4/21/14

Blueprint Table Mathematics Grade 11 Estimated Total Testing Time: 4:00 (with Classroom Activity) ¹									
Claim/Score Reporting Category	Content Category ²	Stimuli		Iter	ns	Total Items by Claim ³			
		CAT	PT	CAT ⁴	PT				
Concepts and Procedures	Priority Cluster	0	0	16	0	16			
1. Concepts and Procedures	Supporting Cluster	0	0	6	0	6			
2. Problem Solving	Problem Solving	0		5	4	9			
4. Modeling and Data Analysis ⁵	Modeling and Data Analysis	0	1	3	7	3			
3. Communicating Reasoning	Communicating Reasoning	0		6	2	8			

¹ All times are estimates. Actual times may vary.

² For more information on content categories, see the Content Specifications document at http://www.smarterbalanced.org/smarter-balanced-assessments/.

³ Total number of items is not necessarily equal to weighting by claim.

⁴In grade 11, 1 item per student (from either Claim 3 Target B or Claim 4 Target B) is designed for hand-scoring, which may be Al scored with an application that yields comparable results by meeting or exceeding reliability and validity criteria for hand-scoring.

⁵ Claim 2 (Problem Solving) and Claim 4 (Modeling and Data Analysis) have been combined, because of content similarity and to provide flexibility for item development. There are still four claims, but only three claim scores will be reported with the overall math score.



		Target Sampling Mathematics Grade 3				
Claim	Content Assessment Targets		DOK	Items		Total
Gaini	Category	Assessment Targets	DOR	CAT	PT	Items
		B. Understand properties of multiplication and the relationship between multiplication and division.	1			
		C. Multiply and divide within 100.	1			
		I. Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate area to multiplication and to addition.	1, 2	6	0	
	Priority Cluster	G. Solve problems involving measurement and estimation of intervals of time, liquid volumes, and masses of objects.	1, 2			15
1. Concepts and		D. Solve problems involving the four operations, and identify and explain patterns in arithmetic.	2	6		
Procedures		F. Develop understanding of fractions as numbers.	1, 2			
		A. Represent and solve problems involving multiplication and division.	1, 2	3		
		E. Use place value understanding and properties of operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic.	1			
	Supporting Cluster	J. Geometric measurement: recognize perimeter as an attribute of plane figures and distinguish between linear and area measures.	1	4	0	5
		K. Reason with shapes and their attributes.	1, 2			
		H. Represent and interpret data.	2, 3	1		
	Problem	A. Apply mathematics to solve well-posed problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.	2, 3	1		
Problem Solving Modeling and Data Analysis	Solving (drawn across content domains)	 B. Select and use appropriate tools strategically. C. Interpret results in the context of a situation. D. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas). 	1, 2, 3	1	1–2	3–4

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For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

 $^{{\}rm -}$ DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



		Target Sampling Mathematics Grade 3				
Claim	Content	Asse ssment Targets	DOK	Items		Total
Gain	Category	Assessment ranges		CAT	PT	Items
		A. Apply mathematics to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.D. Interpret results in the context of a situation.	2, 3 1			
2. Problem Solving Data Analysi		 B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning to justify mathematical models used, interpretations made, and solutions proposed for a complex problem. E. Analyze the adequacy of and make improvements to an existing model or develop a mathematical model of a real phenomenon. 	2, 3, 4	1	2–3	5–6
	domains)	C. State logical assumptions being used.F. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas).	1, 2, 3 1			
	G. Identify, analyze, and synthesize relevant external resources to pose or solve problems.	3, 4	0			
	A. Test propositions or conjectures with specific examples. D. Use the technique of breaking an argument into cases. Communicating Reasoning (drawn across content B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning that will justify or refute propositions or conjectures. E. Distinguish correct logic or reasoning from that which is flawed, and—if there is a flaw in the argument—explain what it is.	2, 3	2			
3. Communicating Reasoning		conjectures. E. Distinguish correct logic or reasoning from that which is flawed, and—if there is a flaw in	2, 3, 4	2 2		8
	domains)	C. State logical assumptions being used. F. Base arguments on concrete referents such as objects, drawings, diagrams, and actions.	2, 3			

For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

 $^{{\}rm -}$ DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



		Target Sampling Mathematics Grade 4				
Claim	Content Category	Asse ssment Targets	DOK	Items		Total Items
	Category			CAT	PT	
		A. Use the four operations with whole numbers to solve problems.	1, 2			
Concepts and Procedures		E. Use place value understanding and properties of operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic.	1, 2	9		
		F. Extend understanding of fraction equivalence and ordering.	1, 2			
	Priority Cluster	G. Build fractions from unit fractions by applying and extending previous understandings of operations on whole numbers.	1, 2	3	0	15
		D. Generalize place value understanding for multi-digit whole numbers.	1, 2	2		
		H. Understand decimal notation for fractions, and compare decimal fractions.	1, 2	1		
		I. Solve problems involving measurement and conversion of measurements from a larger unit to a smaller unit. 1, 2	1, 2	3		
		K. Geometric measurement: understand concepts of angle and measure angles.	1, 2			
	Supporting	B. Gain familiarity with factors and multiples.	1, 2			5
	Cluster	C. Generate and analyze patterns.	2, 3	1		Ü
		J. Represent and interpret data.	1, 2			
		 Draw and identify lines and angles, and classify shapes by properties of their lines and angles. 	1, 2	1		
	Problem Solving	A. Apply mathematics to solve well-posed problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.	2, 3	1		
Problem Solving Modeling and Data Analysis	(drawn across content domains)	 B. Select and use appropriate tools strategically. C. Interpret results in the context of a situation. D. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas). 	1, 2, 3	1	1–2	3–4

[–] DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



		Target Sampling Mathematics Grade 4				
Claim	Content	Asse ssment Targets	DOK	Items		Total Items
	Category			CAT	PT	
		A. Apply mathematics to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.D. Interpret results in the context of a situation.	2, 3	1		
4. Modeling and Data Analysis Conte	Modeling and Data Analysis (drawn across content	B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning to justify mathematical models used, interpretations made, and solutions proposed for a complex problem. Analyze the adequacy of and make improvements to an existing model or develop a mathematical model of a real phenomenon.	2, 3, 4	1	2–3	5–6
	_	C. State logical assumptions being used. F. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas).	1, 2	1		
		G. Identify, analyze, and synthesize relevant external resources to pose or solve problems.	3, 4	0	1	
		A. Test propositions or conjectures with specific examples. D. Use the technique of breaking an argument into cases.	2, 3	2		
3. Communicating Reasoning	Communicating Reasoning (drawn across content domains)	 B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning that will justify or refute propositions or conjectures. E. Distinguish correct logic or reasoning from that which is flawed, and—if there is a flaw in the argument—explain what it is. 	2, 3, 4	2	2	8
		C. State logical assumptions being used. F. Base arguments on concrete referents such as objects, drawings, diagrams, and actions.	2, 3 2			

For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

[–] DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



		Target Sampling Mathematics Grade 5				
Claim	Content	Asse ssment Targets	DOK	Items		Total
Siaiiii	Category	ASSESSITION TOINGES	50	CAT	PT	Items
		E. Use equivalent fractions as a strategy to add and subtract fractions.	1, 2			
		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.	1, 2	6		
	Priority Cluster	F. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to multiply and divide fractions.	1, 2	5	0	15
1. Concepts and		D. Perform operations with multi-digit whole numbers and with decimals to hundredths.	1, 2	4		
		C. Understand the place value system.	1, 2] ~		
Procedures	Supporting	J. Graph points on the coordinate plane to solve real-world and mathematical problems.	1	3		
		K. Classify two-dimensional figures into categories based on their properties.	2			
		A. Write and interpret numerical expressions.	1		0	5
	Cluster	B. Analyze patterns and relationships.	2	2		3
		G. Convert like measurement units within a given measurement system.	1	_		
		H. Represent and interpret data.	1, 2			
	Problem Solving	A. Apply mathematics to solve well-posed problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.	2, 3	1		
2. Problem Solving4. Modeling andData Analysis	domains)	 B. Select and use appropriate tools strategically. C. Interpret results in the context of a situation. D. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas). 	1, 2, 3	1	1–2	3–4

For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

⁻ DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:

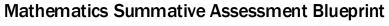


		Tar get Sampling Mathematics Grade 5				
Claim	Content	Asse ssment Targets	DOK	Items		Total
Gain	Category	Assessment rangels		CAT	PT	Items
		A. Apply mathematics to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.D. Interpret results in the context of a situation.	2, 3	1		
2. Problem Solving 4. Modeling and (drawn acro	Modeling and Data Analysis (drawn across content	B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning to justify mathematical models used, interpretations made, and solutions proposed for a complex problem. E. Analyze the adequacy of and make improvements to an existing model or develop a mathematical model of a real phenomenon.	2, 3, 4	1	2–3	5–6
	domains)	C. State logical assumptions being used.F. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas).	1, 2	1		
		G. Identify, analyze, and synthesize relevant external resources to pose or solve problems.	3, 4	0		
		A. Test propositions or conjectures with specific examples.D. Use the technique of breaking an argument into cases.	2, 3	2		
3. Communicating Reasoning	Reasoning (drawn across content domains)	 B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning that will justify or refute propositions or conjectures. E. Distinguish correct logic or reasoning from that which is flawed, and—if there is a flaw in the argument—explain what it is. 	2, 3, 4	2 2		8
		C. State logical assumptions being used. F. Base arguments on concrete referents such as objects, drawings, diagrams, and actions.	2, 3	2		

For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

⁻ DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:





As of 4/21/14

		Target Sampling Mathematics Grade 6				
Claim	Content	Accomment Toygota	DOK	Items		Total
Gaim	Category	Assessment Targets	DON	CAT	PT	Items
		E. Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.	1	6		
		F. Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.	1, 2			
		A. Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.	1, 2	4		
	Priority Cluster	G. Represent and analyze quantitative relationships between dependent and independent variables.	2	2	0	14
Concepts and Procedures		B. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to divide fractions by fractions.	1, 2			
Procedures		D. Apply and extend previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers.	1, 2	2		
		C. Compute fluently with multi-digit numbers and find common factors and multiples.	1, 2			
	Supporting	H. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.	1, 2	5	0	5
	Cluster	Develop understanding of statistical variability.	2)	0	5
		J. Summarize and describe distributions.	1, 2	1		
	Problem Solving (drawn across content	A. Apply mathematics to solve well-posed problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.	2, 3	1		
		 B. Select and use appropriate tools strategically. C. Interpret results in the context of a situation. D. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas). 	1, 2, 3	1	1–2	3–4
2. Problem Solving4. Modeling and		 A. Apply mathematics to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace. D. Interpret results in the context of a situation. 	2, 3	1		
Data Analysis	Modeling and Data Analysis (drawn across	B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning to justify mathematical models used, interpretations made, and solutions proposed for a complex problem. Analyze the adequacy of and make improvements to an existing model or develop a mathematical model of a real phenomenon.	2, 3, 4	1	2–3	5–6
	content domains)	C. State logical assumptions being used. F. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas).	1, 2			
		G. Identify, analyze, and synthesize relevant external resources to pose or solve problems.	3, 4	0	Ĭ	

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For Claim 1, each student will receive at least 7 CAT items at DOK 2 or higher.

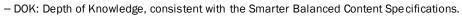
For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

[–] DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



Target Sampling Mathematics Grade 6										
Claim	Content	Accomment Taylota	DOK	Items		Total				
Claim	Category	Assessment Targets		CAT	PT	Items				
		A. Test propositions or conjectures with specific examples. D. Use the technique of breaking an argument into cases.	2, 3	2–3						
3. Communicating	Communicating Reasoning (drawn across content domains) G. G.	conjectures.	2, 3, 4	1–2	2	8				
Reasoning		F. Base arguments on concrete referents such as objects, drawings, diagrams, and actions.	2, 3	2–3						



⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



		Target Sampling Mathematics Grade 7				
Claim	Content	Accessment Toylote	DOK	Items		Total
Gaim	Category	Assessment Targets	DOK	CAT	PT	Items
		A. Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.	2	9		
1. Concepts and Procedures	Priority Cluster	D. Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations.	1, 2		0	15
		B. Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers.	1, 2	6		
		C. Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions.	1, 2			
		E. Draw, construct, and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationship between them.	1, 2	3		
	Supporting	F. Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume.	1, 2			5
	Cluster	G. Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population.	1, 2		0	Ü
		H. Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations.	2	2		
		I. Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models.	1, 2			
	Problem Solving (drawn across content domains)	A. Apply mathematics to solve well-posed problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.	2, 3	1		
		 B. Select and use appropriate tools strategically. C. Interpret results in the context of a situation. D. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas). 	1, 2, 3	1	1–2	3–4
2. Problem Solving4. Modeling and		A. Apply mathematics to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.D. Interpret results in the context of a situation.	2, 3	1		
Data Analysis	Modeling and Data Analysis (drawn across content	 B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning to justify mathematical models used, interpretations made, and solutions proposed for a complex problem. E. Analyze the adequacy of and make improvements to an existing model or develop a mathematical model of a real phenomenon. 	2, 3, 4 1		2–3	5–6
	domains)	C. State logical assumptions being used.F. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas).	1, 2	1		
		G. Identify, analyze, and synthesize relevant external resources to pose or solve problems.	. 3, 4 0	0	1	

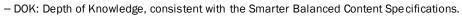
⁻ DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



Tar get Sampling Mathematics Grade 7								
Claim	Content Category	Assessment Targets	DOK	Items		Total		
				CAT	PT	Items		
3. Communicating Reasoning		A. Test propositions or conjectures with specific examples. D. Use the technique of breaking an argument into cases.	2, 3	2, 3 2–3				
	Communicating Reasoning (drawn across	soning the argument—explain what it is.	2, 3, 4	1–2	2	8		
	content C. domains) F.	 C. State logical assumptions being used. F. Base arguments on concrete referents such as objects, drawings, diagrams, and actions. G. At later grades, determine conditions under which an argument does and does not apply. (For example, area increases with perimeter for squares, but not for all plane figures.) 	2, 3, 4	2–3				



⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



Tar get Sampling Mathematics Grade 8								
Claim	Content Category	Asse ssment Targets	DOK	Items		Total		
				CAT	PT	Items		
		C. Understand the connections between proportional relationships, lines, and linear equations.	1, 2	6	0			
		D. Analyze and solve linear equations and pairs of simultaneous linear equations.	1, 2			15		
		B. Work with radicals and integer exponents.	1, 2					
	Priority Cluster	E. Define, evaluate, and compare functions.	1, 2	6				
1. Concepts and		G. Understand congruence and similarity using physical models, transparencies, or geometry software.	1, 2					
Procedures		F. Use functions to model relationships between quantities.	1, 2	3				
		H. Understand and apply the Pythagorean Theorem.	1, 2					
		A. Know that there are numbers that are not rational, and approximate them by rational numbers.	1, 2					
	Supporting Cluster	 Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres. 	1, 2	5	0	5		
		J. Investigate patterns of association in bivariate data.	1, 2					
2. Problem Solving	Problem Solving (drawn across content domains)	A. Apply mathematics to solve well-posed problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.	2, 3	1				
4. Modeling and Data Analysis		 B. Select and use appropriate tools strategically. C. Interpret results in the context of a situation. D. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas). 	1, 2, 3		1–2	3–4		

For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

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⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



Tar get Sampling Mathematics Grade 8								
Claim	Content Category	Assessment Targets	DOK	Items		Total		
				CAT	PT	Items		
Problem Solving Modeling and Data Analysis	Modeling and Data Analysis (drawn across content domains)	A. Apply mathematics to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.D. Interpret results in the context of a situation.	2, 3	1	2–3			
		 B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning to justify mathematical models used, interpretations made, and solutions proposed for a complex problem. E. Analyze the adequacy of and make improvements to an existing model or develop a mathematical model of a real phenomenon. 	2, 3, 4	1		5–6		
		C. State logical assumptions being used.F. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas).	1, 2	1				
		G. Identify, analyze, and synthesize relevant external resources to pose or solve problems.	3, 4	0				
	Communicating Reasoning (drawn across content domains) D. L. B. C. E. L. C. S. G. A.	A. Test propositions or conjectures with specific examples.D. Use the technique of breaking an argument into cases.	2, 3	2–3	2	8		
3. Communicating Reasoning		 B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning that will justify or refute propositions or conjectures. E. Distinguish correct logic or reasoning from that which is flawed, and—if there is a flaw in the argument—explain what it is. 	2, 3, 4	1–2				
		 C. State logical assumptions being used. F. Base arguments on concrete referents such as objects, drawings, diagrams, and actions. G. At later grades, determine conditions under which an argument does and does not apply. (For example, area increases with perimeter for squares, but not for all plane figures.) 	2, 3, 4	2–3				

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For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

⁻ DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



Target Sampling Mathematics Grade 11								
Claim	Content Category	Assessment Targets	DOK	Items		Total		
				CAT	PT	Items		
		D. Interpret the structure of expressions.	1, 2	2	0			
		E. Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems.	1, 2					
		F. Perform arithmetic operations on polynomials.	2	1				
		G. Create equations that describe numbers or relationships.	1, 2	2 2				
		H. Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning.	1, 2					
	Priority Cluster	I. Solve equations and inequalities in one variable.	1, 2			16		
		J. Represent and solve equations and inequalities graphically.	1, 2					
1. Concepts and		K. Understand the concept of a function and use function notation.	1, 2					
Procedures		L. Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of a context.	1, 2					
		M. Analyze functions using different representations.	1, 2, 3					
		N. Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities.	2					
	Supporting Cluster	O. Define trigonometric ratios and solve problems involving right triangles.	1, 2	2				
		P. Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable.	2	2				
		A. Extend the properties of exponents to rational exponents.	1, 2	1 1	0	6		
		B. Use properties of rational and irrational numbers.	1, 2					
		C. Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems.	1, 2					
Problem Solving Modeling and Data Analysis	Problem Solving	A. Apply mathematics to solve well-posed problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.	2, 3	1				
	(drawn across content domains)	 B. Select and use appropriate tools strategically. C. Interpret results in the context of a situation. D. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas). 	1, 2, 3	1	1–2	3–4		

[–] DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following:



Tar get Sampling Mathematics Grade 11							
Claim	Content Category	Asse ssment Targets	DOK	Items		Total	
				CAT	PT	Items	
Problem Solving Modeling and Data Analysis	Modeling and Data Analysis (drawn across content domains)	A. Apply mathematics to solve problems arising in everyday life, society, and the workplace.D. Interpret results in the context of a situation.	2, 3	1	2–3		
		B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning to justify mathematical models used, interpretations made, and solutions proposed for a complex problem. Analyze the adequacy of and make improvements to an existing model or develop a mathematical model of a real phenomenon.	2, 3, 4	1		5–6	
		C. State logical assumptions being used.F. Identify important quantities in a practical situation and map their relationships (e.g., using diagrams, two-way tables, graphs, flow charts, or formulas).	1, 2	1			
		G. Identify, analyze, and synthesize relevant external resources to pose or solve problems	3, 4	0			
		A. Test propositions or conjectures with specific examples.D. Use the technique of breaking an argument into cases.	2	2–3			
3. Communicating Reasoning	Communicating Reasoning (drawn across	 B. Construct, autonomously, chains of reasoning that will justify or refute propositions or conjectures. E. Distinguish correct logic or reasoning from that which is flawed, and—if there is a flaw in the argument—explain what it is. 	2, 3, 4	1–2	2	8	
	content domains) C.	 C. State logical assumptions being used. F. Base arguments on concrete referents such as objects, drawings, diagrams, and actions. G. At later grades, determine conditions under which an argument does and does not apply. (For example, area increases with perimeter for squares, but not for all plane figures.) 	2, 3, 4	2–3			

For combined Claims 2 and 4, each student will receive at least 2 CAT items at DOK 3 or higher.

[–] DOK: Depth of Knowledge, consistent with the Smarter Balanced Content Specifications.

⁻⁻ The CAT algorithm will be configured to ensure the following: